Current Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims, with markings to show any changes made, will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Claims 1-52 (canceled).

53. (Currently Amended) A method for obtaining (-)-I-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3 .1.0]hexane substantially free of its corresponding (+) enantiomer, comprising the steps of:

(a) passing a solution of an organic eluent which comprises a hydrocarbon solvent adjusted in polarity with a miscible polar organic solvent and (±)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3 .1.0]hexane over a chiral polysaccharide stationary phase to provide a first fraction containing (-)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3 .1.0]hexane; and

(b) passing the first fraction over the chiral polysaccharide stationary phase to provide a second fraction containing (-)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane substantially free of its corresponding (+)-enantiomer.

54. (Original) The method of claim 53, further comprising the step of (c) concentrating the second fraction.

55. (Currently Amended) A method for obtaining (-)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane substantially free of its corresponding (+) enantiomer, comprising the steps of:

(a) passing a solution of an organic eluent which comprises a hydrocarbon solvent adjusted in polarity with a miscible polar organic solvent and (±)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane over a chiral polysaccharide stationary phase to provide a first fraction containing (-)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane;

(b) concentrating the first fraction to provide a residue; and

(c) passing a solution of an organic eluent and the residue over a chiral polysaccharide stationary phase to provide a second fraction containing (-)-1(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3 .1.0]hexane substantially free of its corresponding (+)-enantiomer.

56. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 55, further comprising the step of ~~(f)~~ (d) concentrating the second fraction.

57. (New) The method of claim 53 wherein the hydrocarbon solvent is present at a concentration of about 95 % to about 99.5% (volume/volume) and the polar organic solvent is present at a concentration of about 0.5% to about 5% (volume/volume).

58. (New) The method of claim 57 wherein the hydrocarbon solvent is hexane and the polar organic solvent is isopropylamine.

59. (New) The method of claim 53 wherein the organic eluant is 95:5 (volume/volume) hexane;isopropyl alcohol containing 0.05% diethylamine.

60. (New) The method of claim 55 wherein the hydrocarbon solvent is present at a concentration of about 95 % to about 99.5% (volume/volume) and the polar organic solvent is present at a concentration of about 0.5% to about 5% (volume/volume).

61. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein the hydrocarbon solvent is hexane and the polar organic solvent is isopropylamine.

62. (New) The method of claim 55 wherein the organic eluant is 95:5 (volume/volume) hexane;isopropyl alcohol containing 0.05% diethylamine.